

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804


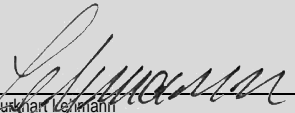

Owner of the Declaration	<b>ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems</b>
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
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## Besam RD4-300 revolving door ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems

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## 1. General Information

<p><b>ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems AB</b></p> <p><b>Programme holder</b>          IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.          Panoramastr. 1          10178 Berlin          Germany</p> <p><b>Declaration number</b>          EPD-ASA-20150118-IBA1-EN</p> <p><b>This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:</b>          IBU: PCR Automatic doors, automatic gates, and revolving door systems (door systems)          (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee (SVA))</p> <p><b>Issue date</b>          18.05.2015</p> <p><b>Valid to</b>          17.05.2020</p> <p></p> <p>Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer          (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)</p> <p></p> <p>Dr.-Ing. Burkhard Lehmann          (Managing Director IBU)</p>	<p><b>Besam RD4-300 revolving door</b></p> <p><b>Owner of the Declaration</b>          ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems AB          Lodjursgatan 10          SE-261 44 Landskrona          Sweden</p> <p><b>Declared product / Declared unit</b>          This declaration represents 1 revolving door consisting of 4 door leaves and surrounding frame with internal diameter of 3.0 m and internal height of 2.2 m</p> <p><b>Scope:</b>          This declaration and its LCA study is relevant to the revolving door Besam RD4-300. The final assembly and production stage occurs in Ostrov u Stribra, Czech Republic at ASSA ABLOY ES Production s.r.o at: D5 Logistic Park 34901 Ostrov u Stribra, Czech Republic. Components are sourced from international tier one suppliers. Besam RD4-300 door sizes vary according to project requirements; a standard door with internal diameter of 3 m and 4 leaves is used in this declaration. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.</p> <p><b>Verification</b></p> <p>The CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR</p> <p>Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> internally    <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> externally</p> <p></p> <p>Dr. Wolfram Trinius          (Independent verifier appointed by SVA)</p>
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## 2. Product

### 2.1 Product description

**Product name:** Besam RD4-300

**Product characteristic:**

Four-wing all glass revolving door

Pedestrian automatic revolving doors are installations that serve to automatically regulate the flow of people in residential and non-residential buildings while providing high thermal performance.

- Automatic revolving doors are made up of various assemblies mainly consisting of a support structure, glazing, drive unit, controller and safety equipment.
- Revolving doors also feature elements that are designed to simplify their installation, operation, and maintenance.
- Revolving doors are typically made of metal, plastic and glass and are available in several designs for a range of requirements in diverse building types.

The all glass transparent revolving door Besam RD4-300 with its unique glass ceiling with optional LED, creates an impressive entrance for any building, whilst maintaining highest standard of safety for the user. Not only does it ensure uninterrupted view from all angles, the Besam revolvers also help to maintain a comfortable indoor climate while saving energy.

The door has 4 primary parts:

- 1) Door leaves
- 2) Frame
- 3) Floor track
- 4) Operating system

The Besam RD4-300 has been designed to meet all operational and safety requirements in the European Directives and the standards issued by the European Standardization Committee (CEN).

### 2.2 Application

The Besam RD4-300 is an all-glass automatic revolving door developed to provide an attractive and draught free access to buildings. The door is designed to offer continuous use, a high degree of safety and maximum lifetime. The system is self-adjusting to the effects caused by normal variations in the weather conditions and to minor friction changes caused by e.g. dust and dirt. The door can be used indoors or outdoors. This door should not be used for escape routes.

Automatic revolving doors are utilized to provide entrance and exit capabilities for many different building types.

Typical applications of all-glass automatic revolving doors include:

- Commercial buildings
- Private sector and office facilities
- Hospitality facilities
- Residential buildings

## 2.3 Technical Data

The table presents the technical properties of the Besam RD4-300 revolving door:

### Technical data

Name	Value	Unit
Power input "Standby"	30	W
Power input "Operation"	80	W

### Features

Max size: (W x H) 3000 x 3000 mm (the declared door has a size (W x H) 3000 x 2200 mm)

Glass wall: 8 + 8 clear laminated

Glass door leaves:

- 15mm tempered glass (HI>2600mm)
- 12mm tempered glass (2200mm ≤ HI ≤ 2600mm)

Glass ceiling 8+8 laminated glass Optional: LED glass ceiling

Door sections: aluminum profiles Optional: Powder-coated finish (RAL colours), Stainless steel cladding

## 2.4 Placing on the market / Application rules

For the placing on the market in the EEA, Switzerland and Turkey the following European directives apply to the Besam RD4-300:

2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMCD)

2006/42/EC Machinery Directive (MD)

These directives provides for CE marking of the product and issuing a Declaration of Conformity.

### Harmonized European standards, which have been applied:

- EN 60335-1 Household and similar electrical appliances -Safety -Part 1: General requirements
- EN 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
- EN 61000-6-3 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-3: Generic standards — Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments
- EN ISO 13849-1 Safety of machinery — Safety-related parts of control systems — Part 1: General principles for design
- EN 16005 Power operated pedestrian doorsets - Safety in use -Requirements and test methods.

### Other standards or technical specifications, which have been applied:

- DIN 18650-1 Powered pedestrian doors - Part 1: Product requirements and test methods
- DIN 18650-2 Powered pedestrian doors - Part 2: Safety at powered pedestrian doors
- EN 60335-2-103 Household and similar electrical appliances -Safety -Part 2: Particular requirements for drives for gates, doors and windows
- IEC 600335-1 Household and similar electrical appliances -Safety -Part 1: General requirements
- IEC 60335-2-103 Household and similar electrical appliances Safety Part 2-103: Particular requirements for drives for gates, doors and windows.

Disposal of the product is subject to the WEEE Directive within Europe, Directive 2012/19/EU

For the application and use the respective national provisions apply...

## 2.5 Delivery status

Revolving door unit with internal diameter of 3.0 m, internal height of 2.2 m and external height 2.26 m, is delivered ready for installation.

## 2.6 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average composition for Besam RD4-300 is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Glass	73.22
Particle Board	9.97
Steel	7.43
Stainless steel	4.66
Aluminum	2.64
Plastics	1.09
Electronics	0.06
Electro-mechanics	0.63
Others	0.30
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>

## 2.7 Manufacture

Profiles are provided by tier one supplier SAPA and are delivered to the factory in Ostrov, Czech Republic. The profiles are bended and machined. The products are surface treated; either anodized (externally) or powder coated (internally). Other parts as electronics, glass, etc. arrives from tier one suppliers or the factory in China and a basic assembly is done in Ostrov. The parts are encased in pine crates and forwarded on a standard wooden pallet to on-site installation. The certified quality management system, /EN ISO 9001:2008/, ensures high standards.

Offcuts and scraps during the manufacturing process are directed to a recycling unit. Waste is sent for disposal.

Waste codes according to European Waste Catalogue (/EWC/) and Hazardous Waste List - Valid from 1 January 2002:

- /EWC/ 12 01 01 ferrous metal filings and turnings
- /EWC/ 12 01 03 non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
- /EWC/ 08 02 01 waste coating powders
- /EWC/ 12 01 05 plastics

## 2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems is committed to producing and distributing door opening solutions with minimal environmental impact, where health & safety is the primary focus for all employees and associates.

- Environmental operations, GHG, energy, water, waste, VOC, surface treatment and H&S are being routinely monitored. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environment management program effectiveness is evaluated.
- Code of Conduct covers human rights, labor practices and decent work. ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems' management is aware of their roles and responsibilities, providing appropriate training, supporting accountability and recognizing outstanding performance.



- Preparation conditions (including the process of powder coating) in the factory of Ostrov do not require special health and safety measures. Standard health and safety measures (work gloves, hearing protection, safety shoes, dust mask when sanding and milling, dust extraction, etc.) are observed where appropriate.
- Water and soil contamination does not occur and all production related waste is processed internally in the appropriate manner.

## 2.9 Product processing/Installation

The revolving door components are supplied ready for installation. The frame as well as the door leaves and central column are assembled and installed on-site. The components are assembled using simple tools including drills and hand tools. The installation is performed by certified installation technicians.

## 2.10 Packaging

Packaging exists for the purpose of protection during transportation. Besam RD4-300 revolving door components are initially packaged in plastic tarpaulin, polystyrene and corrugated cardboard. Finally, a revolving door is placed on a standard wooden pallet and encased in a pine crate. All of these packaging components are standard industry types and while the cardboard is recyclable. The pallets are available for immediate reuse upon delivery.  
80% of carton is made from recycled material  
100% of packaging paper is made from recycled material.

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/ Paper	1.76
Plastics	0.87
Wood	97.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

All materials incurred during installation are directed to a recycling unit.

Waste codes according to European Waste Catalogue and Hazardous Waste List - Valid from 1 January 2002:

- /EWC/ 15 01 01 Paper and cardboard packaging
- /EWC/ 15 01 02 Plastic packaging
- /EWC/ 15 01 03 Wooden packaging

## 2.11 Condition of use

The best way to remove dust and dirt from the Besam RD4-300 and to maintain the quality of the enamel layer is to clean the surfaces three times/year with gentle (pH 5-9), non-polishing detergent and water. Use a soft non-abrasive sponge. The cleaning should be documented.

To avoid damages to the profiles, the brushes must be vacuum-cleaned weekly. Regular inspections by a trained and qualified person is recommended a minimum of two visits per year.

- Do not expose doors or profiles to alkalis. Both aluminum and glass are sensitive to alkalis.
- Do not clean with high-pressure water. Operator, programme selector and sensor may be damaged and water may enter the profiles.
- Do not use detergents or abrasive additives.
- Do not scrub with materials like Scotch-brite, as this will cause mechanical damage.

## 2.12 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product. Monitored pressure sensitive safety sensors on both entrance post and door leaves. Monitored touchless sensor on vertical entrance post and top of door leaf. If an obstacle prohibits the rotation of the door (the resistance is higher than the pre-set value) the rotation will cease. Compressible vertical safety switches placed on the drum edges. To prevent injury, the drum edges are equipped with soft safety edges.

## 2.13 Reference service life

The product has reference service life of 10 000.000 cycles, which complies for 15 years of standard daily use (with the recommended service check). For this EPD the lifetime of 15 years was considered.

## 2.14 Extraordinary effects

### Fire

Not applicable

### Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood. Electric operation of the device will be influenced negative.

### Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

## 2.15 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved from one door to another. All materials are directed to a recycling unit. The components made of aluminum alloy, steel, and stainless steel can be recycled. The plastic components can be used for energy recovery within a waste incineration process.

Waste codes according to European Waste Catalogue and Hazardous Waste List - Valid from 1 January 2002:

- /EWC/ 16 02 13\* discarded equipment containing hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 12
- /EWC/ 17 02 01 wood
- /EWC/ 17 02 03 plastic
- /EWC/ 17 04 01 copper, bronze, brass
- /EWC/ 17 04 02 aluminium
- /EWC/ 17 04 05 iron and steel
- /EWC/ 17 04 11 cables with the exception of those outlined in 17 04 10

Note: Disposal of the motor is subject to the WEEE Directive within Europe, Directive /2012/19/EU/

## 2.16 Disposal

The requirements on waste disposal and recycling listed in the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be followed. The requirements on waste disposal and recycling listed in the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be followed. As the product contains no substances harmful to the environment or human health, the entire system can be safely placed in a landfill site in cases where no waste recycling technologies are available.

In this EPD, product parts made of glass were treated as a waste for landfill:  
EWC 17 02 02 glass

## 3. LCA: Calculation rules

### 3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of revolving door Besam RD4-300 as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for PCR Automatic doors, automatic gates, and revolving door systems (door systems).

#### Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit for automatic doors and gates*	20.73	m <sup>2</sup>
Mass (without packaging)	1504.49	kg
Mass packaging (wood, paper and plastics)	221.82	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0007	-
Declared unit for revolving door systems (dimensions acc. to this PCR)	1	piece

\*The areas for the Revolving doors are represented by the lateral area i.e. the outer wall cylinder area surrounding the revolving door leafs

### 3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with Options  
The following life cycle phases were considered:

Production stage:

- A1 – Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 – Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 – Manufacturing

Construction stage:

- A4 - Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 – Packaging waste processing

Use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

- B6 – Operational energy use (Energy consumption for BESAM-RD operation)

C1-C4 End-of-life stage:

- C2 – Transport to waste processing,
- C3 – Waste processing for recycling and
- C4 – Disposal (landfill, waste for incineration).

This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

Module D:

- Declaration of all benefits or recycling potential from EOL and A5.

### 3.3 Estimates and assumptions

Use phase:

For the use phase, it is assumed that the revolving door is used in the European Union, thus an European electricity grid mix is considered within this stage.

EoL:

In the End-of-Life phase, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed

### 3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), thermal energy consumption and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

### 3.5 Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by PE INTERNATIONAL AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/.

To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

### 3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR Part A/.

PE INTERNATIONAL performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database. The last revision of the used background data has taken place not longer than 10 years ago.

### 3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2013/14 (12 month average).

### 3.8 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. In this EPD, the following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered for:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper
- Waste incineration of electronic scraps (PWBs)

- Waste incineration of wood

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status. Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

### 3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

## 4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

### Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	3.904	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Plastics packaging)	1.92	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Wood packaging)	216.00	kg

### Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	15	a

### Operational energy use (B6)

Name	Value	Unit
Electricity consumption per RSL (15 years)	3060	kWh

### End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Aluminium, stainless steel, steel, zinc, electronic, particle board, plastic parts	400.69	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste – glass, other construction waste for landfilling	1103.81	kg
Reuse plastic parts, particle board	166.46	kg
Recycling Aluminium, stainless steel, steel, zinc, copper, electronic	234.22	kg
Landfilling – glass, other construction waste for landfilling	1103.81	kg

### Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type Besam RD4-300 (including packaging)	1726.32	kg
Recycling Aluminium	2.30	%
Recycling Stainless steel	4.06	%
Recycling Steel	6.48	%
Recycling Electronic (PWBs, copper)	0.60	%
Recycling others (copper, brass, zinc)	0.13	%
Reuse Particle board	8.69	%
Reuse Plastic parts	0.95	%
Reuse packaging (paper, plastics, wood) (from A5)	12.85	%
Loss Glass, constructions waste for landfilling (no recycling potential)	63.81	%

## 5. LCA: Results

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 – Apr. 2013 Methodology.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)

PRODUCT STAGE		CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE			USE STAGE								END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement <sup>1)</sup>	Refurbishment <sup>1)</sup>	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
X	X	X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	2.74E+03	6.85E+01	6.03E+02	1.45E+03	4.10E+01	9.15E-02	9.78E+01	-9.96E+02
ODP	[kg CFC11-eq.]	3.16E-07	3.28E-10	2.39E-09	9.95E-07	1.97E-10	6.27E-11	9.36E-10	7.17E-08
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	2.35E+01	3.14E-01	8.48E-02	6.85E+00	1.88E-01	4.32E-04	1.85E-01	-5.23E+00
EP	[kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> -eq.]	1.88E+00	7.17E-02	1.30E-02	3.86E-01	4.29E-02	2.43E-05	2.11E-02	-2.99E-01
POCP	[kg ethene-eq.]	1.51E+00	-1.01E-01	6.88E-03	4.07E-01	-6.06E-02	2.57E-05	1.73E-02	-3.43E-01
ADPE	[kg Sb-eq.]	2.68E-01	2.58E-06	8.15E-06	2.01E-04	1.55E-06	1.27E-08	2.00E-05	-9.96E-02
ADPF	[MJ]	3.95E+04	9.46E+02	1.33E+02	1.65E+04	5.66E+02	1.04E+00	6.00E+02	-1.13E+04
Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Ozone depletion potential; AP = Acidification potential; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Photochemical ozone creation potential; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources								

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.11E+04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	[MJ]	1.11E+04	3.73E+01	1.32E+01	4.73E+03	2.23E+01	2.98E-01	2.95E+01	-2.09E+03
PENRE	[MJ]	4.45E+04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	[MJ]	4.45E+04	9.49E+02	1.58E+02	2.59E+04	5.68E+02	1.63E+00	6.22E+02	-1.32E+04
SM	[kg]	4.61E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	1.43E+01	2.63E-02	1.56E+00	1.17E+01	1.57E-02	7.35E-04	-1.66E+00	-6.12E+00
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water								

### RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	2.46E+00	2.16E-03	1.11E-02	3.58E+00	1.29E-03	2.26E-04	1.73E-02	-2.29E-01
NHWD	[kg]	3.62E+02	1.19E-01	8.80E+00	8.35E+00	7.14E-02	5.26E-04	8.35E+02	-8.85E+01
RWD	[kg]	1.99E+00	1.24E-03	9.79E-03	3.73E+00	7.44E-04	2.35E-04	8.61E-03	-7.31E-01
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.69E+03	0.00E+00	-

MER	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.05E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.34E+01	-
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.98E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.29E+02	-
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy								

## 6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production phase (modules A1-A3) contributes between 55% and 99% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered, except for the depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP), for which the contribution from the production phase accounts for app. 24%. Glass, stainless steel and steel accounts in total with app. 84% to the overall mass of the product, therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

To reflect the use phase (module B6), the energy consumption was included and it has a major contribution for all the impact assessment categories considered - between 0.1% and 29%, with the exception of ODP (76%). In calculating the ozone depletion potential, the anthropogenically released halogenated hydrocarbons, which can destroy many ozone molecules, are recorded first, therefore, as expected, the impact is higher during the use phase of the product (B6). This is a result of long operation hours in on mode almost every day in a year.

In the end-of-life phase, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

## 7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.

## 8. References

### Institut Bauen und Umwelt

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs);

### General principles

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### IBU PCR Part B

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### 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive (MD)

Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery

### DIN 18650-1

DIN 18650-1: 2005: Powered pedestrian doors - Part 1: Product requirements and test methods.

### DIN 18650-2

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### ISO 14025

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### EN 15804

EN 15804:2012+A1:2014: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental product declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

### EN 16005

EN 16005:2012: Power operated pedestrian door sets - Safety in use - Requirements and test methods

### EN 60335-1

EN 60335-1:2012: Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - Part 1: General requirements

### EN 60335-2

EN 60335-2-103:2003: Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - Part 2-103: Particular requirements for drives for gates, doors and windows



**EN 61000-6-2**

EN 61000-6-2:2005: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments

**EN 61000-6-3**

EN 61000-6-3:2001: Quality management systems - Requirements (EN ISO 9001:2008)

**EN ISO 13849-1**

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**EN ISO 9001**

EN ISO 9001:2008: Quality management systems - Requirements (ISO 9001:2008)

**GaBi 6 2013**

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**GaBi 6 2013D**

GaBi 6 2013D: Documentation of GaBi 6: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, PE INTERNATIONAL AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013.

<http://documentation.gabi-software.com/>

**WEEE**

Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)

**EWC**

European Waste Catalog

## 9. Annex

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI Methodology.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)

PRODUCT STAGE		CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE			USE STAGE								END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement <sup>(1)</sup>	Refurbishment <sup>(1)</sup>	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
X	X	X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	2.74E+03	6.85E+01	6.03E+02	1.45E+03	4.10E+01	9.15E-02	9.78E+01	-9.96E+02
ODP	[kg CFC11-eq.]	3.52E-07	3.49E-10	2.54E-09	1.06E-06	2.09E-10	6.66E-11	9.95E-10	7.59E-08
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	2.38E+01	4.10E-01	9.76E-02	6.49E+00	2.45E-01	4.09E-04	2.00E-01	-5.00E+00
EP	[kg N-eq.]	1.09E+00	2.90E-02	5.34E-03	2.76E-01	1.73E-02	1.74E-05	2.58E-02	-1.53E-01
Smog	[kg O <sub>3</sub> -eq.]	3.12E+02	8.44E+00	1.85E+00	5.87E+01	5.05E+00	3.70E-03	3.57E+00	-5.31E+01
Resources	[MJ]	3.54E+03	1.36E+02	1.54E+01	1.18E+03	8.15E+01	7.40E-02	7.69E+01	-9.69E+02
Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Ozone depletion potential; AP = Acidification potential; EP = Eutrophication potential; Smog = Smog, air; Resources = Resources, fossil fuels								

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.11E+04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	[MJ]	1.11E+04	3.73E+01	1.32E+01	4.73E+03	2.23E+01	2.98E-01	2.95E+01	-2.09E+03
PENRE	[MJ]	4.45E+04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	[MJ]	0.00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	[MJ]	4.45E+04	9.49E+02	1.58E+02	2.59E+04	5.68E+02	1.63E+00	6.22E+02	-1.32E+04
SM	[kg]	4.61E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	1.43E+01	2.63E-02	1.56E+00	1.17E+01	1.57E-02	7.35E-04	-1.66E+00	-6.12E+00
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water								

### RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: One piece of Besam RD4-300 revolving door

Parameter	Unit	A1-3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	2.46E+00	2.16E-03	1.11E-02	3.58E+00	1.29E-03	2.26E-04	1.73E-02	-2.29E-01
NHWD	[kg]	3.62E+02	1.19E-01	8.80E+00	8.35E+00	7.14E-02	5.26E-04	8.35E+02	-8.85E+01
RWD	[kg]	1.99E+00	1.24E-03	9.79E-03	3.73E+00	7.44E-04	2.35E-04	8.61E-03	-7.31E-01
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.69E+03	0.00E+00	-
MER	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-

# ASSA ABLOY

EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.05E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.34E+01	-
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.98E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.29E+02	-
Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy								



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